

Prostate Cancer Screenings

**POP—Prostate Cancer Screenings for Benefit
Eligible Employees & Spouses of YCT**



Hosted by: Yavapai Combined Trust

Friday - September 16th, 2022

7:00am - 2:00pm

Saturday - September 17th, 2022

7:00am - 11:00am

**201 S. Montezuma Street
Prescott, AZ 86303**

Corner of Goodwin & Montezuma Street

(Mobile Unit on-site times are subject to change based on scheduled appointments)



Appointments are Required— Call to Schedule Your Appointment Today!

480-964-3013 or 1-800-828-6139



Prostate Cancer Screenings Includes the Following:

PSA (Prostate Specific Antigen) Blood Draw

DRE (Digital Rectal Exam)

Testicular Exam

Board Certified Urologist Consultation



If you are not covered by Yavapai Combined Trust, we accept the following insurances:

AETNA/Blue Cross Blue Shield/Cigna/Health Net/United Health Care

Do Not Have Insurance? – Cost is \$81, due at the time of service. Medicare is **NOT Covered.**

PROSTATE CANCER FACTS



National Statistics:

- After skin cancer, prostate cancer is the most diagnosed cancer in American men and the *second leading cause of cancer death*.
- Prostate cancer is twice as common and has *more than twice the mortality rate* in African-American men as it has in Caucasian men.
- Approximately 232,090 new cases of prostate cancer will be diagnosed in the U.S. , That represents *one man diagnosed with prostate cancer every two minutes*.
- Approximately 31,800 men will die from the disease. *That represents one man dying every seventeen minutes*.
- The lifetime probability of developing prostate cancer is *1 in 7*.

Arizona Statistics:

- 3,900 new cases and 550 deaths.
- After skin cancer, the most diagnosed cancer in Arizona, and the second cause of cancer death in men.

According To “POP”

- All men 40 years of age should have an annual digital rectal examination (DRE).
- All men 40 years and older should be offered a prostate specific Antigen blood test (PSA) annually by their doctors. If not offered, men should request information about this test and insist on having a PSA evaluation.
- Men with a family history of prostate cancer and African-American men should be offered a DRE and PSA test Annually *starting at age 37*. If not offered, these men should request information about this test from their doctors while mentioning their family history or racial risk and request that these exams be done.
- The 5-year survival rate for patients whose cancer is caught while still confined to the prostate is *100%*, while the 5-year survival rate for those men diagnosed with advanced cancer is only 34%.
- Prostate cancer often develops without symptoms. Annually testing with PSA and DRE can lead to early detection and cancer confined to the prostate that has a significantly higher cure rate. Awareness about the risk of prostate cancer is a critical issue for Arizona's families. *Know what your PSA numerical result is every year*. Do not accept: “your PSA is normal”. Ask for the actual number. The value of PSA testing is the rate of change from one year to the next.